

Anti-GDF15, AlpHcAbs® Human antibody

Summary

Code#	300-623-001
Immunogen	Recombinant human GDF15
Host	Alpaca pacous
Isotype	Human IgG1
Conjugate	Unconjugated
Specificity	Human GDF15
Purity	Recombinant Expression and Affinity purified
Concentration	1mg/ml
Formation Storage	Liquid, 10mM PBS (pH 7.5), 0.05% sucrose, 0.1% trehalose, 0.01% proclin300, 50% Glycerol Store at –20 °C, (Avoid freeze / thaw cycles)

Description

Anti-GDF15, AlpHcAbs® Human antibody is designed for detecting human GDF15 specifically. Based on ELISA and/or FCM, Anti-GDF15, AlpHcAbs® Human antibody reacts with human GDF15 specifically.

Background:

GDF-15 belongs to the TGF-beta cytokine family, whose members play an important role during prenatal development and postnatal growth, and the remodeling and maintenance of a variety of tissues and organs. GDF-15 is expressed predominantly in the placenta and, to a much lesser extent, in various other tissues. The presence of GDF-15 in amniotic fluid and its elevated levels in the sera of pregnant women suggest GDF-15's involvement in gestation and embryonic development. GDF-15 generally exerts tumor suppressive activities and is one of the predominant factors produced and secreted in response to activation of the p53 pathway. Interestingly, the serum level of GDF-15 is positively correlated with neoplastic progression of several tumor types, including certain colorectal, pancreatic, and prostate cancers.

Benefits

High lot-to-lot consistency Increased sensitivity and higher affinity Animal-free production

Application notes

ELISA: 1:4,000-1:10000 Flow Cytometry: 1:200-1:1000

Dilution factors are presented in the form of a range because the optimal dilution is a function of many factors, such as antigen density, permeability, etc. The actual dilution used must be determined empirically.