



Anti-Rat IgG(H+L), AlpHcAbs[®] Goat antibody(Biotin)

Summary

Code	071-401-004
Immunogen	Rat IgG
Host	Alpaca pacous
Isotype	VHH domain of alpaca IgG2b/2c fused to goat IgG Fc(mutation)
Conjugate	Biotin
Specificity	Rat IgG(H+L)
Cross-Reactivity	Does not bind to mouse IgG, rabbit IgG, goat IgG, human IgG
Purity	Recombinant Expression and Affinity purified
Concentration	1mg/mL
Formation	Liquid, 10mM PBS (pH 7.5), 0.05% sucrose, 0.1% trehalose, 0.01% proclin300
Storage	Store at -20 °C(Avoid freeze / thaw cycles)

Description

Anti-Rat IgG(H+L), AlpHcAbs[®] Goat antibody(Biotin) is designed for detecting rat IgG specifically. Anti-Rat IgG(H+L), AlpHcAbs[®] Goat antibody(Biotin) is based on recombinant, goat IgG Fc fused single domain antibody to rat IgG coupled to Biotin. Based on immunoelectrophoresis and/or ELISA, Anti-Rat IgG(H+L), AlpHcAbs[®] Goat antibody(Biotin) reacts with rat IgG selectively.

Background

There are five antibody isotypes (IgA, IgD, IgE, IgG, and IgM) from rat. Each isotype has a different heavy chain. Rat IgG consists of four subclasses-IgG1, IgG2a, IgG2b, IgG2c. The whole IgG molecule possesses both the Fc region and the Fab region, which possessing the epitope-recognition site. The IgG contains two heavy and light chains, and the heavy chain is about 50 KD and the light chain is about 25 KD. The common IgG is monomeric with a molecular weight of approximately 150 kD.

Using antibody with Fc(mutation), the background from Fc receptors will be eliminated.

Benefits

High lot-to-lot consistency
 Increased sensitivity and higher affinity
 Animal-free production

Suggested Working Concentration

ELISA	1:5000-1:20000
WB	1:5000-1:20000
IP	1-2ug/sample

Dilution factors are presented in the form of a range because the optimal dilution is a function of many factors, such as antigen density, permeability, etc. The actual dilution used must be determined empirically.

This product is for research use only and is not approved for use in humans or in clinical