

Anti-Human IgA, AlpHcAbs[®] Goat antibody(Biotin)

Summary

Code	023-409-004
Immunogen	Human IgA
Host	Alpaca pacous
Isotype	VHH domain of alpaca IgG2b/2c fused to goat IgG Fc(mutation)
Conjugate	Biotin
Specificity	Human IgA
Cross-Reactivity	Does not bind to human IgG, IgD, IgM, IgE
Purity	Recombinant Expression and Affinity purified
Concentration	1mg/ml
Formation	Liquid, 10mM PBS (pH 7.5), 0.05% sucrose, 0.1% trehalose, 0.01% proclin300
Storage	Store at -20 °C(Avoid freeze / thaw cycles)

Description

Anti-Human IgA, AlpHcAbs[®] Goat antibody(Biotin) is designed for detecting human IgA specifically. Anti-Human IgA, AlpHcAbs[®] Goat antibody(Biotin) is based on monoclonal, recombinant, goat IgG Fc fused single domain antibody to human IgA coupled to Biotin. Based on immunoelectrophoresis and/or ELISA, Anti-Human IgA, AlpHcAbs[®] Goat antibody(Biotin) reacts with human IgA selectively.

Background

In mammals, antibodies are classified into five main classes or isotypes—IgA, IgD, IgE, IgG and IgM. They are classed according to the heavy chain they contain – alpha, delta, epsilon, gamma or mu respectively. IgA is the major immunoglobulin class in body secretions. It may serve both to defend against local infection and to prevent access of foreign antigens to the general immunologic system. Using antibody with Fc(mutation), the background from Fc receptors will be eliminated.

Benefits

High lot-to-lot consistency
 Increased sensitivity and higher affinity
 Animal-free production

Suggested Working Concentration

ELISA	1:5000-1:20000
IP	1-2ug/sample

Dilution factors are presented in the form of a range because the optimal dilution is a function of many factors, such as antigen density, permeability, etc. The actual dilution used must be determined empirically.

This product is for research use only and is not approved for use in humans or in clinical