



Anti-Human IgG, AlpSdAbs[®] VHH(VcMMAE ×8)

Summary

Code	023-101-111
Immunogen	Recombinant human IgG
Host	Alpaca pacous
Isotype	VHH domain of alpaca IgG2b/2c
Conjugate	VcMMAE(2 moles VcMMAE per mole VHH)
Specificity	Human IgG(H&L)
Cross-Reactivity	Recognizes human IgG specifically, and reacts with cynomolgus IgG. No Cross-reactivity to rabbit , mouse, rat, goat IgG
Purity	Recombinant Expression and Affinity purified
Concentration	0.5mg/ml
Formation	Liquid, 10mM PBS (pH 7.4)
Storage	Store at -20 °C(Avoid freeze / thaw cycles)

Description

Anti-Human IgG, AlpSdAbs[®] VHH(VcMMAE ×8) is designed for studying on the internalization of antibodies. Anti-Human IgG, AlpSdAbs[®] VHH(VcMMAE ×8) is based on recombinant single domain antibodies to human IgG coupled to VcMMAE. Based on immunoelectrophoresis and/or ELISA, Anti-Human IgG, AlpSdAbs[®] VHH(VcMMAE ×8) reacts with the Fc fragment of human IgG heavy chain and kappa chain of human IgG. Anti-Human IgG, AlpSdAbs[®] VHH(VcMMAE ×8) is an effective detection tool and can be used as a useful tool for the evaluation of antibody potency prior to ADCs.

Background

VHH are single-domain antibodies derived from the variable regions of heavy chain of Camelidae immunoglobulin. The size of VHH is extremely small(<15KDa) compared to other forms of antibody fragment, which significantly increase the permeability of VHH. Thus VHH is considered of great value for research, diagnostics and therapeutics.

Benefits

High lot-to-lot consistency
 Increased sensitivity and higher affinity
 Animal-free production

Application notes

Antibody Internalization Test: 4ug per 10ug antibody (molar ratio=4:1).

Dilution factors are presented in the form of a range because the optimal dilution is a function of many factors, such as antigen density, permeability, etc. The actual dilution used must be determined empirically.

This product is for research use only and is not approved for use in humans or in clinical