

Anti-Halo tag, AlpSdAbs[®] VHH

Summary

Code	012-101-001
Immunogen	Halo tag fused KLH
Host	Alpaca pacous
Isotype	VHH domain of alpaca IgG2b/2c
Conjugate	Unconjugated(6*his tag and one cys were added at the C terminal of the VHH)
Specificity	GST tag
Cross-Reactivity	Highly selective for Halo tag sequence
Purity	Recombinant Expression and Affinity purified
Concentration	1mg/ml
Formation	Liquid, 10mM PBS (pH 7.5), 0.05% sucrose, 0.1% trehalose, 0.01% proclin300
Storage	Store at –20 °C(Avoid freeze / thaw cycles)

Description

Anti-Halo tag, AlpSdAbs[®] VHH is designed for detecting Halo tag fusion proteins specifically. Anti-Halo tag, AlpSdAbs[®] VHH is based on monoclonal, recombinant, single domain antibody derived from the variable regions of heavy chain of Alpaca pacous, Based on immunoelectrophoresis and/or ELISA, Anti-Halo tag, AlpSdAbs[®] VHH detects the Halo tag selectively, no reactivity with other proteins.

Background

The protein tag(Halo tag) is a modified haloalkane dehalogenase designed to covalently bind to synthetic ligands (Halo tag ligands). The synthetic ligands comprise a chloroalkane linker attached to a variety of useful molecules, such as fluorescent dyes, affinity handles, or solid surfaces. VHH are single-domain antibodies derived from the variable regions of heavy chain of Camelidae immunoglobulin. The size of VHH is extremely small(<15KDa) compared to other forms of antibody fragment, which significantly increase the permeability of VHH. Thus VHH is considered of great value for research, diagnostics and therapeutics.

Benefits

High lot-to-lot consistency Increased sensitivity and higher affinity Animal-free production

Suggested Working Concentration

ELISA	1:5,000-1:20000
WB	1:5,000-1:20000
IP	1-2ug/sample

Dilution factors are presented in the form of a range because the optimal dilution is a function of many factors, such as antigen density, permeability, etc. The actual dilution used must be determined empirically.