



Anti-Mouse IgG(H+L), AlpHcAbs[®] Goat antibody(iFluor594)

Summary

Code	001-401-008
Immunogen	Recombinant mouse IgG
Host	Alpaca pacous
Isotype	VHH domain of alpaca IgG2b/2c fused to goat IgG Fc
Conjugate	iFluor594(Ex: 590nm, Em: 617nm), 3 moles iFluor594 per mole IgG
Specificity	Mouse IgG(H+L)
Cross-Reactivity	No cross-reactivity with mouse IgM, rabbit, human, cynomolgus, rat, goat IgG
Purity	Recombinant Expression and Affinity purified
Concentration	1mg/ml
Formation	Liquid, 10mM PBS (pH 7.5), 0.05% sucrose, 0.1% trehalose, 0.01% proclin300, 50% Glycerol
Storage	Store at -20 °C(Avoid freeze / thaw cycles), protect from light

Description

Anti-Mouse IgG(H+L), AlpHcAbs[®] Goat antibody(iFluor594) is designed for detecting mouse IgG(H+L) specifically. Anti-Mouse IgG(H+L), AlpHcAbs[®] Goat antibody(iFluor594) is based on recombinant, goat IgG Fc fused single domain antibody to mouse IgG(H+L) coupled to iFluor594. Based on immunoelectrophoresis and/or ELISA, Anti-Mouse IgG(H+L), AlpHcAbs[®] Goat antibody(iFluor594) reacts with the heavy chain and light chain of mouse IgG selectively, no reactivity with rabbit, human, cynomolgus, rat, goat IgG.

Background

Most monoclonal antibodies are generated in mouse. There are five antibody isotypes (IgA, IgD, IgE, IgG, and IgM) from mouse. Each isotype has a different heavy chain. Mouse IgG constitutes 75% of serum immunoglobulins, and IgG is the predominant form of first antibody produced from mouse. Mouse IgG consists of five subclasses-IgG1, IgG2a, IgG2b, IgG2c(inbred mouse strains with the Igh1-b allele have IgG2c isotype instead of IgG2a), IgG3. They are highly homologous and differ mainly in the hinge region. The whole IgG molecule possesses both the Fc region and the Fab region, which possessing the epitope-recognition site. The IgG contains two heavy and light chains, and the heavy chain is about 50 KD and the light chain is about 25 KD. The common IgG is monomeric with a molecular weight of approximately 150 kD.

VHH are single-domain antibodies derived from the variable regions of heavy chain of Camelidae immunoglobulin. The size of VHH is extremely small(<15KDa) compared to other forms of antibody fragment, which significantly increase the permeability of VHH. Thus VHH is considered of great value for research, diagnostics and therapeutics.

Benefits

High lot-to-lot consistency
Increased sensitivity and higher affinity
Animal-free production

Application notes

Flow Cyt	1:200-1:2000
ICC/IF	1:200-1:2000
ELISA	1:10000 -1:50000
WB	1:10000 -1:50000

Dilution factors are presented in the form of a range because the optimal dilution is a function of many factors, such as antigen density, permeability, etc. The actual dilution used must be determined empirically.

This product is for research use only and is not approved for use in humans or in clinical